



## Bad Influence of the Tretes Localization Area on the Mindset of the Young Generation in Pasuruan: Viewed from Social Learning Theory

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### ABSTRACT

The Tretes localization area is an area where prostitution activities grow and develop. Prostitution activities in the Tretes localization area greatly affect the community, especially the younger generation in Pasuruan. This research aims to examine and find out how much influence the Tretes localization area has on the mindset, psychology and lifestyle of the young generation in Pasuruan, in terms of social learning theory. This research is qualitative descriptive research with the research participant of the younger generation in Pasuruan and the object is to focus on how much bad influence the Tretes localization area has, which is more dominant, on aspects of thought patterns, psychology or lifestyle in the younger generation in Pasuruan. The results of this research show that the aspect of the mindset of the younger generation in Pasuruan is the aspect that is most dominantly affected by the bad influence of the Tretes localization area.

**Keywords:** *Mindset, Social Learning, Tretes*

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## INTRODUCTION

The Tretes localization area is famous for its prostitution activities (Chatzidakis dkk., 2021). The existence of prostitution in the middle of society has many pros and cons (Kannan & Vimalkumar, 2021). According to Sigit Prasetyo (2017), prostitution is basically free sexual behaviour without limits of decency and makes this profession very difficult to accept by society (Zhao dkk., 2019). The public rejection of prostitution because of it is one of the forms of social deviation whose behaviour deviates from the norms and morals of society (León-Mejía dkk., 2020). Prostitution is a disease of

society, but here it grows and develops in the neighborhoods of the population, whereas in the settlements there are people of all ages including adults (González & Peltz, 2021), adolescents, children, even the elderly (Wasserman dkk., 2020). Here adolescents and children in the sense of the younger generation are the ages most vulnerable to the negative influence of prostitution (Ni dkk., 2020). In this stage, adolescents get pressure to imitate norms or values held by peers in order to gain acceptance in the group, this can be positive or negative.

Practices in which prostitution or prostitution is severely contrary to the degrees and values of human personality and seriously jeopardizes the well-being of individuals, families, communities and joints of the life of the country and the lives of young generations (Sun dkk., 2020). The negative influence of Tretes localized prostitution affects the younger generation in Richaruan from a number of aspects, including mentality, psychology, and lifestyle (Serrano-Ripoll dkk., 2020). The lifestyle of adolescents tends to follow the current of globalization that springs from free behavior until now becomes something of concern (Bacmeister dkk., 2019). According to Fahilah, Raharjo, & Ishartono (2015) which emphasizes that the environment especially localization including with its stigma will have an impact on the psychological development of the child because at the time of children the child's ability in imitation is very high.

Table 1. Data on the Percentage of Young Generation Cases in Pasuruan Affected by the Tretes Localization Area

No.	The Case of the Young Generation in Pasuruan Who Are Influenced by the Tretes Localization Area	Percentage (%)
1.	Education	50%
2.	Early-age marriage	40%
3.	Drunk	85%
4.	Drug addicts	70%
5.	Robbery	35%
6.	Violence	39%
7.	Fraud	30%
8.	Rape	20%
9.	Theft	25%
10.	Murder	7%
11.	Gambling	65%
12.	Using Pimp Services	50%

Source: Documentary study of the last 2 years on the younger generation in Pasuruan

Seeing from the above percentage table, it can be seen that the negative influence of the Tretes localization area has greatly affected the young generation in Pasuruan (Habeebullah dkk., 2021). Reviewed from the theory of social learning, the younger generation in Pasuruan is influenced by the negative influence of the Tretes localization area of the social learning that is in fact through the process of simulation (imitation) or modeling (Ren dkk., 2021) . In essence, humans have the ability to think and regulate or

direct themselves so that they can control the environment, besides humans are also shaped by their environment (He dkk., 2019). Thus, behavior is studied by individuals through interaction with their environment, and personality development depends on such interaction (Bashiri dkk., 2020). The social learning theory states that human actions are the result of the interaction of three variables, namely environment, behavior and personality.

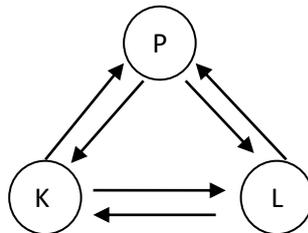


Figure 1. Bandura's concept of reciprocal determinism

The picture above shows that human psychological function is the product of P (behavior), K (personality), L (environment). Therefore, there is a need for research on "Bad Influence of the Tretes Localization Area on the Mindset, Psychology and Lifestyle of the Young Generation in Pasuruan (Litz & Kerig, 2019): Viewed from Social Learning Theory."

### **Bad Influence Tretes Localization Area**

According to Kartono (2014), localization generally consists of small houses with red lights in which there are beds, guest chairs, clothes and decorated tools (Liu dkk., 2022). The Tretes localization area is an area located in Prigen District, Pasuruan Regency (González-Sanguino dkk., 2020). This area is very famous for its natural tourism and also a prostitution area (Farchakh dkk., 2021). Prostitution is a negative and common activity for certain people, but in this area prostitution activities are growing rapidly and have become something familiar in the lives of the Tretes people (Leng dkk., 2021). In the issue of prostitution there are three important components, namely prostitutes, pimps or pimps, and customers, where these components are interrelated and need each other.

The existence of a prostitution environment that is mixed with residential areas will more or less have an impact on the surrounding community, including: children, teenagers and adults (Gonçalves dkk., 2020). The existence of the Tretes localization area causes the younger generation to be involved in cases including: lack of motivation for education, early marriage, drunkenness, drug addiction, robbery, acts of violence, fraud, rape, theft, murder, gambling, and using the services of pimps.

### **Mindset**

Dweck & Leggett (1988) say that mindset is a person's belief (self belief) which stretches on a continuum scale, one side is a growth mindset and the other side is a fixed mindset (Jilisha dkk., 2019). According to Mulyadi (in Suriyanti, 2020) mindset is a mental attitude that is formed through education, experience and prejudice (Kaviani dkk., 2020). A mindset is a way to assess and provide conclusions about something based on a certain point of view or form of thought or way of thinking about something.

Mindset can be said to be a person's way of seeing something (Ettman dkk., 2020). Mindset consists of a set of assumptions, methods, or notes held by a person or group that are very strongly embedded.

### **Psychological**

Psychology is the science of individual behavior or activities. These behaviors or activities include visible behavior and invisible behavior as well as activities, namely motor activities and emotional activities.

Meanwhile, according to Refia and Purwoko (2014) psychological dynamics are processes that occur in an individual's psyche when facing and resolving conflict, including perceptions, attitudes and behavior (Schuch dkk., 2019). The psychological dynamics that cause problems can be overcome by providing individuals with social skills training, which is sometimes also called behavioral skills therapy (in Mirwani, et al. 2018).

### **Lifestyle**

According to Kotler (in Susanto, 2013), lifestyle is a person's pattern of living in the world which is expressed in their activities, interests and opinions. Lifestyle shows a person's whole self in interacting with his environment. Lifestyle describes a person's entire pattern of acting and interacting in the world. According to Setiadi (2015), lifestyle itself is a person's way of spending time, a way of seeing, and a form of self-actualization in one's existence in the surrounding environment (in Nugeraha, 2021).

According to Adler (in Trimartati, 2014) lifestyle is a unique way that each person strives to achieve their life goals that have been determined by themselves in the particular life in which an individual lives.

### **Social Learning Theory**

Social learning theory is a theory that was developed by the figure Albert Bandura. According to Mulyadi (2016), social learning theory focuses on observing behavior carried out by individuals in interacting with other individuals (Rost dkk., 2019). Through social situations, an individual's social behavior can be formed. Social learning theory places more emphasis on the effects of behavioral cues and internal mental processes. One of the earliest assumptions underlying Bandura's social learning theory is that humans are quite flexible and capable of learning how to act and behave. The learning point from all of this is unexpected experiences (vicarious experiences). Although humans can and do learn a lot from direct experience, they learn more from observing the behavior of other people.

Social learning theory explains that human behavior has a continuous reciprocal interaction between cognitive, attitude and environmental influences. The majority of human attitudes are studied observationally through modeling from observing other people. After that, the results act as a guide to play. In contrast to other theories of child growth, Albert Bandura thought that every child can always learn new things even if they don't do it directly. The condition is that the child has had the opportunity to see other people doing it, regardless of the media (Bandura, A., 1977 in Wirachman & Kurniawati, 2023).

The aim of this research is to study and find out how much influence the Tretes localization area has on the mindset, psychology and lifestyle of the young generation in Pasuruan in terms of social learning theory. The benefits and potential of this research are to provide scientific contributions, especially the psychology of social learning theory regarding the bad influence of the Tretes localization area on the mindset, psychology and lifestyle of the younger generation in Pasuruan as well as information material for other research in developing, examining and exploring about the bad influence of the Tretes localization area on the mindset, psychology and lifestyle of the young generation in Pasuruan in terms of social learning theory.

## **RESEARCH METHODOLOGY**

The research uses a qualitative approach and is also a descriptive research to describe and analyze the bad influence of the Tretes localization area on the mental, psychological, and lifestyle of the young generation in Pasuruan. Besides, this research is also useful as a preliminary research to understand new phenomena. The approach to this research is phenomenology. The phenomenological approach tries to understand the events of human life within the framework of the thinking and behavior of society as understood or thought by the individual himself (Nasir et al, 2023). The study of phenomenology aims to gain a better knowledge of reality (Fitriana, 2018). The difference between phenomena studies and other studies is that phenomenological approach emphasizes the personal aspects of human behavior to see how and what implications are formed from various events in everyday life (Nurhadi et al, 2022).

The researchers chose to use this method considering that the case requires the use of observation rather than using an assumption model. Second, with qualitative research it's easier when faced with reality. And the third is the presence of a close emotional connection between the researcher and the informant that will result in something profound. So, in this research, the researchers want to know how much of the negative influence the Tretes localization region has on the mental, psychological, and lifestyle of the young generation in Pasuruan through this phenomenological study.

The object/variable of this research focuses on how much the negative influence of the more dominant region of Tretes localization on the mental, psychological, or lifestyle aspects of the younger generation in Pasuruan with the characteristics of the informant that comes from the young generation in the Tretes region with the adolescent age range of 12 to 21 years. As for the details of adolescence in the sense of young generation according to Kanopka (Pikunas, 1976) include (a) early adolescents: 12-15 years; (b) teenagers madya: 15-18 years old; (c) adolescents late: 19-22 years old (in Syamsu Yusuf, 2017). So in this research, the researchers used three informants from each of the above-mentioned age ranges.

Data collection on this research is carried out at the informant's home located in the Tretes localization area precisely in the Waringin Gang Kelurahan Prigen Prefecture Prigen district of Pasuruan periodically according to the time and informant agreement starting from 23 June 2023 until 24 August 2023. According to Aguinis (2009) the data

source is the subject from which the data can be obtained (in Putra et al, 2022). Qualitative observations are observations carried out by researchers in natural settings with the aim of exploring or digging a meaning of a phenomenon that exists within the participants (Hanurawan, 2016). Berg (in Hanoi, 2016) argues that interviews are a question-and-answer process that leads to a specific purpose of digging information relevant to the focus of research. Documentation studies are gathering data by studying documents to obtain data or information related to the phenomena studied.

The role of the researcher in this qualitative research is as a research instrument in which the researcher tries to interact with his research informant naturally and in a non-compulsive way. The role of researchers in qualitative research as planners, data collectors, analysts, and ultimately as research triggers. On qualitative research emphasizes that the researchers themselves or the help of others are the primary data collection tools (Moeleong, 2008). That's why researchers are the key to doing research. This research not only serves as data acquisition, data processing and inventor of research data, but researchers will also be friends to informants. So the results will be more accurate and valid as the more informants trust the researchers, the easier it will be for them to speak honestly and minimize faking.

According to Poerwandari (1998) activities in qualitative data analysis are carried out interactively and continue continuously until the data is complete, and the data analysis is as follows:

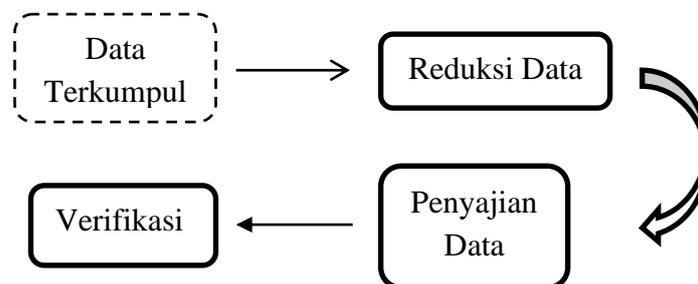


Figure 2. Research Data Analysis Techniques

## RESULT AND DISCUSSION

### Result

Based on the results of field observations, data was obtained that the Tretes localization area is an area famous for tourism and prostitution. This can be seen from the level of crowds of visitors in the Tretes localization area. The existence of the Tretes localization as a prostitution environment has a negative impact on society, especially the younger generation in Pasuruan. In general, the negative impact of prostitution in the Tretes localization area affects the mindset, psychology and lifestyle of the younger generation in Pasuruan.

**The mindset of the younger generation in Pasuruan is seen from educational indicators.** Based on the results of research conducted using observation, interviews and documentation studies on the young generation in the Tretes localization, as a

whole, the question *"If you had the choice of going to school or playing, which one would you choose and why?"* There were informants' answers indicating that playing with friends was more fun than having to study at school because studying in class for too long made the informants bored.

"I clearly prefer to play sis. It's good if playing is fun and not tired"  
**(Education.DA8)**

"Actually, that's what everyone needs, sis. But I really prefer playing because I don't have to think. If you think about it, it seems like I'm a bit lazy because it's heavy. It's better to refresh or exercise. Anyway, outside the classroom, if you study in the classroom, it gets boring if it takes too long"  
**(Education.FNPC15)**

"My choice is to play, sis. School is really important, sis, but sometimes you get bored because you feel sleepy when you listen to the teacher in front of you. If you play, you definitely won't get bored, sis, you won't even want to go home" **(Education.D16)**

**The mindset of the younger generation in Pasuruan is seen from experience indicators.** Based on the results of research on young generation informants in the Tretes localization, the question *"Are you still friends with friends who often engage in negative activities such as drinking, illegal racing, drugs, and so on? And how?"* There were informants' answers which showed that the informants remained friends with friends who often carried out negative activities because the informants were self-aware and felt there was no need to differentiate between friends and of the informants' friends, there were more of them who had committed negative acts, although not often.

"Yes, sis, we're still friends. I've also done negative things like that, even though I was just trying. I'm self-aware because we're all like that, sis"  
**(Experience.DA70)**

"Still sis, stay friends. But I'm a bit limiting maybe yes. If we meet, it's normal, greet each other like that. Only if you know that your friend often gets drunk, for example, or goes out at night like that. I kind of limit myself when I go out with him. But still good friends" **(Experience.FNPC44)**

"Still, sis, the important thing is that I don't go that far. If it's like skipping school and going out at night to drink coffee, that's okay, even though it's not often" **(Experience.D30)**

The negative act, namely drunkenness in the Tretes localization area, which usually occurs on the side of the road, is a common thing because the informant has often seen this since he was a child and too many people have done such things regardless of the location. This is in accordance with the informant's answer to the question *"Don't you feel strange when you see drunk people on the side of the road? What's the reason?"*

"No, sis, it's very normal. I've seen it often and it's normal. If you pass by the front of the house, drunk people are still rare. In front of the alley there are a lot of people still around, a bit late, which is usually the case. When I

go out at night it's normal to see someone drunk on the side of the road"  
**(Experience.DA89)**

"It's normal for me to be here, sis. It's normal because I've seen it since I was little. Yes, when I was little, I would have asked, like my cousin would have asked, and the parents would have immediately given an understanding, and you shouldn't copy. That's it, sis" **(Experience.FNPC67)**

"Yes, sis, it's not strange for me. It's commonplace to see friends who are drunk. So, if it's on the side of the road, it's really normal, in roadside stalls that's usually the case, sis" **(Experience.D62)**

**The mindset of the younger generation in Pasuruan can be seen from indicators of prejudice.** Based on the results of research on young generation informants in the Tretes localization to the question *"What do you think see a neighbor who works as a nighttime motorcycle taxi driver in this locality?"* There were informants' answers which indicated that it was common for neighbors to work as motorbike taxi drivers for women at night and that there were indeed many people in this profession, both from the locality of Tretes itself and the surrounding area.

"My opinion is that it's okay, sis. Because in fact that's how it is. There is a person here who works as a female motorcycle taxi driver. If a woman gets a call that night, she calls the motorbike taxi driver who is usually in front of her house, at her basecam, sis. Usually the motorbike taxi driver is already in front of the basecamp. I have a regular subscription. That's if the prostitute isn't picked up by the one who wants to buy it, sis,"  
**(Presangka.DA93)**

"Yes, that's normal, sis, because there are a lot of people who hang out like that at night. There are also afternoons, sis. That's quite a lot, sis, as well as offering rooms like that" **(Prasangka.FNPC69)**

"It's normal, sis. Almost every alley has it, apart from the ones on the side of the road, sis. If it's in every alley, that means there's a woman in that alley, sis. So if you call it delicious, the woman doesn't wear it for long and someone comes to accompany it" **(Presangka.D94)**

**The psychology of the younger generation in Pasuruan is seen from interpersonal relationship indicators.** Based on the results of research conducted using observation, interviews and documentation studies on the younger generation in the Tretes localization area, overall, the question *"Do you hate the women of the night in the Tretes localization area?"* there was an answer from the informant which showed that the informant did not hate the women of the night in the Tretes localization even though they did bad things because the informant felt that he had not been harmed and had nothing to do with the informant directly. Indirectly, informants tend to ignore negative activities in the Tretes localization area.

"Why do you hate sis? That's their business and has nothing to do with me"  
**(Interpersonal Relations.DA100)**

"No, sis. Don't hate it at all. In fact, sometimes it's a shame to know that it's because of economic inequality" (**Interpersonal Relations.FNPC80**)

"If you hate it, no sis. They also didn't harm me, meaning they didn't do anything to me. It's just that I might be affected if there are a lot of women here at night like that" (**Interpersonal Relations.D75**)

**The psychology of the younger generation in Pasuruan is seen from cognitive indicators.** Based on the results of research on young generation informants in the Tretes localization to the question *"What do you think about the number of local residents who rent out rooms?"* There are informant answers which show that the informant's way of thinking tends to be open and able to assess and consider a problem with the informant's answers proving that the business of renting out rooms in Tretes is a common thing.

"It's normal, sis. There are lots of people here who open rooms like that. If you want to come here, you will definitely see that there are lots of them on the side of the road. So I understand if I rent a room like that, because it's too busy" (**Cognitive.DA104**)

"Actually, if you ask me for your opinion, I would disagree, sis. But how else is this already around before I was born, so it's normal and it seems like it has become a source of livelihood for people here, sis. It's just normal" (**Cognitive.FNPC97**)

"Yes, it's okay, sis, the person who rents it out doesn't necessarily have to do anything with the ladies of the night, even though they are the ones who provide the place. But if I look at it so far, it's commonplace, sis, so many people rent out rooms" (**Cognitive.D44**)

**The psychology of the younger generation in Pasuruan is seen from emotional indicators.** Based on the results of research conducted using observation, interviews and documentation studies on the younger generation in the Tretes localization, as a whole, the question *"What do you feel when your parents or people closest to you are involved in using this place of prostitution?"* There were informants' answers which showed that the informant had negative emotions when someone close to the informant was involved in exploiting prostitution in the Tretes localization area.

"How are you, sis? Yes, I didn't expect that if other people found out, I'm embarrassed, sis. The working period is like that" (**Emotion.A113**)

"Don't let it happen, sis, but it's clear I'm sad. More like disappointed. It's like wondering why you even use it, even though you can use it in other ways, you can go to other areas too" (**Emotion.FNPC5**)

"I would be really sad, sis, if someone in my family was involved in something like that, and I hope that in the future my family or those closest to me will not be involved in prostitution" (**Emotion.D54**)

**The lifestyle of the younger generation in Pasuruan is seen from activity indicators.** Based on the results of research conducted using observation, interviews and documentation studies on the young generation in the Tretes localization, as a

whole, the question *"With an environment like this around you, does it interfere with your activities, why is that?"* shows that the presence of a prostitution environment around the informant does not interfere with the informant's daily activities at all because the informant is used to negative activities in the Tretes localization.

"Actually, yes, it's like it's annoying to my eyes, sis, if someone does something inappropriate in front of me. In terms of clothing, yes, it's too revealing. It's also not appropriate for small children to see it, and if someone is drunk, for example, they sometimes block the road"  
**(Activity.FNPC24)**

**The lifestyle of the younger generation in Pasuruan is seen from interest indicators.** Based on the results of research conducted using observation, interviews and documentation studies on the younger generation in the Tretes localization, overall, the question *"Do you feel disturbed when friends offer you to try drinking alcohol?"* showed that the informant did not feel disturbed when he was offered to drink alcohol.

"No sis, I'm not bothered, I've also tried it once (laughing)"  
**(Interes.DA129)**

"Not really, sis. If you just offer it, it's no problem for me"  
**(Interest.FNPC43)**

"No sis, I wouldn't even want to offer it. Because he said it wasn't good"  
**(Interest.D68)**

In accordance with the results of the above-mentioned interviews, the researchers triangulated the source as one of the forms of data validity used by researchers to dig out the truth of information from the informant. Triangulation attempts to answer whether in the triangulation of the source used by the researcher corresponds to the data already obtained during the interview process. The source of triangulation in this research is three people from each informant whose results from interviews from the point of view of others will prove that the data collected by the researcher is true or not.

Deri Firmansyah & Dadang Saepuloh (2022) stated that people learn from each other, through observation, simulation, and modeling (in Bandura, 1977). The concept explains that people learn by observing other people's behavior, attitudes, and the results of those behaviors. Most of human behavior is studied observationally through modeling, from observing others, one forms an idea of how new behaviors are carried out, and on later occasions this encoded information serves as a guide to action. Albert Bandura is a pioneer of social learning theory, one of the concepts in behaviorism theory that learning involves cognitive consists of thought, understanding, and evaluation (in Hikmatu Ruwaida, 2020). Based on the results of the above research, according to the theory of social learning that suggests that the behavior of the subject is formed through the process of observing attitudes or behaviors of others who are in the Tretes localization area by involving cognitive which then forms ideas within the subject and subsequently becomes the subject's guide to action.

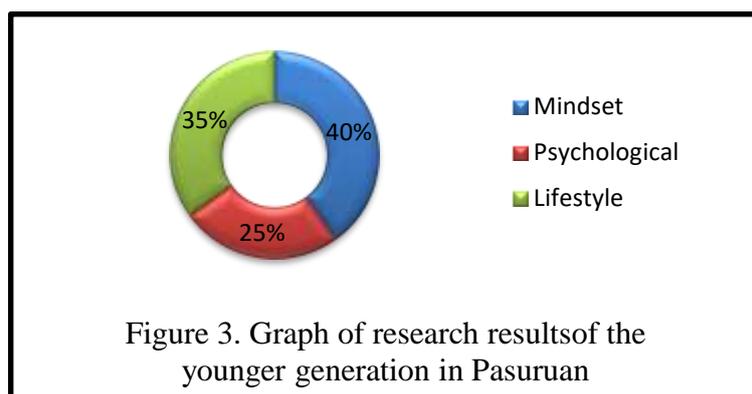
In terms of the mentality of educational indicators, the younger generation in Pasuruan tends to prefer to play rather than go to school because when lessons in school

take place, younger generations in pasuruan often feel bored and saturated as a result of too long classroom lessons. Then in the indicator of experience, the younger generation in Pasuruan is so influenced by the presence of the Tretes localization area that it tends to behave negatively. This is in line with the social learning theory that suggests that the subject observes and then mimics the bad habits of the people around the subject. As for the prejudice of the youth in Pasuruan against the eyes of the people who use the presence of the area of Tretes localization, it is considered reasonable because the younger generation in Pasuruan has long seen it and has become the primary source of the eye of the Tretes people.

In the psychological aspects of the interpersonal, cognitive, and emotional relationship indicators, the younger generation in Pasuruan tends to be familiar with the circumstances and environments of the Tretes localization area. This is in line with the core theory of social cognitive which is a derivative of social learning namely self efficacy (Lianto, 2019) where in the results of this research, the youth generation in Pasuruan have high self efficacy that is proved with the individual belief in what is done without being influenced by the environment.

In terms of lifestyle, the younger generation in Richaruan tends not to be disturbed by the presence of prostitution and there is a desire to participate in the negative activities commonly carried out by other young generations. This is in line with the theory of social learning that individuals carry out observation, then involve cognitive involvement involving thought, understanding, and evaluation so that in this case, the younger generation in the rich can evaluate well of what is in the surrounding environment.

As for the graph of acquisition of research results that measures the level of negative influence of the Tretes localization area on the young generation in Pasuruan is as follows:



## **Discussion**

In Indonesia, the term prostitution is known as "prostitution" which means the surrender of the body or physical woman with payment, to a man to satisfy the sexual desire of those people or also called the term WTS (prostitutes) (Penmardianto & Putra, H. P, 2021). The existence of Tretes localization areas in the district of Pasuruan raises

many pros and cons among the community. It's very likely that people outside of Tretes see this area as a poor one. Prostitution is no longer strange. A lot of the surrounding communities are dependent on such activities. During the existence of the localization, many surrounding communities depend their lives on the localisation, among them some who are localizations managers (pimp), car parkers, food and beverage sellers, laundry, etc. (Murti, et al. 2019). The appearance of spotted and tattooed, drunk, to dealing with illegal things like drugs has become commonplace. But worse still, prostitution is now spreading among younger generations, especially among teenagers. Especially when adolescents are in a transition from children to adults. They tend to have a high level of curiosity.

In this research, it was found that the entire aspect studied was affected by the negative influence of the Tretes localization area. As explained by the informan on the aspect of the mindset that education remains implemented even if the informer feels full and prefers fun activities. Then the informen also communicated that most of the young generation in Pasuruan, including informan themselves have been affected by the localization of Tretes in terms of words and deeds as well as the way informan view of the negative activities that are already common in the Tretes environment. It marks the younger generation in Pasuruan learning from each other, through observation, imitation, and modeling (in Bandura, 1977) which is then applied to their daily lives.

The informants also indicated that the informant's relationship with the workers involved in the exploitation of prostitution is that they remain in good relations and are prone to negative activities that occur in their surroundings. This is done because informants are accustomed to the circumstances in their surroundings. Informants are also able to think openly about events or bad experiences that have been experienced so that the informant is able to describe well even if it has an impact on the informants.

The daily lives of informants are not affected by the existence of prostitution in the Tretes area. The informant considers all the negative activities that occur in his environment to be a natural thing and has already been acknowledged by the informant. It's because since childhood, informants have been assigned to such circumstances.

## **CONCLUSION**

Based on research that has been conducted regarding the bad influence of the Tretes localization area on the mindset, psychology and lifestyle of the younger generation in Pasuruan, it can be concluded that the aspect of the mindset of the younger generation in Pasuruan is the aspect that is dominantly influenced by the bad influence of the Tretes localization area. This is proven by research results which show that the mindset of the young generation in Pasuruan as seen from education indicators shows that the young generation in Pasuruan prefers playing to school, then from experience indicators it shows that the young generation in Pasuruan is affected by the bad environment of Tretes localization in terms of behavior. or deeds or words. From the prejudice indicator, the young generation in Pasuruan is influenced by the bad

environment of the Tretes localization area, which is proven by considering it normal and no longer strange about the bad activities that occur in the Tretes localization area.

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